

**Business Directory.**  
**NEWMARKET.**  
Stove, Copper, Tin, Sheet Iron, and Japan Warehouse.

Returning thanks for the liberal patronage bestowed on the firm of Hodge & Sons, the undersigned respectfully intimate to their customers and the public generally that the business will hereafter be conducted by

**J. & J. HODGE.**

And having lately purchased these commodious premises lately occupied by Mrs. Susan Davis, our shop has been removed to the place where will be found, constantly on hand a large assortment of

**COOKING, PARLOR AND BOX STOVES.**  
Of the newest designs and latest patterns: Japanese and Pressed Tin Ware; Cast Iron Pans, and

**Old Cast Iron, Copper, Brass, Pewter, Lead, Rags, Sheepskins, Furs of every description, and Farm Produce, taken in exchange for Goods.**

**J. & J. HODGE.**  
Newmarket, Dec. 25, 1856.

**W. W. BATHURST.**  
TEACHER of Music, Newmarket, C. W. Pianos used to order, in Town or Country, on the shortest notice. Residence—House of Mr. Brodie. Newmarket, Sept. 6, 1855.

**T. BOTSFORD.**

SADDLER, harness and Trunk maker, one door south of the North American Hotel, Main Street, Newmarket. All Orders Promptly Attended to. Newmarket, Dec. 1st, 1851.

**J. SEXTON.**

WATCH and Clock Maker, Main Street Newmarket. All kinds of Watches and Clocks repaired in order, and warranted. WANTED—An Apprentice to learn the Business. Newmarket, September 9, 1853.

**BIBLE DEPOSITORY.**

BIBLES and Testaments can be had at the Society's prices, upon application to Thomas Nixon, at the Bible Depository, opposite Hewitt's Hotel. Newmarket, March 26, 1856.

**GEORGE B. HUTCHCROFT.**

Wagon, Carriage & Sleigh Maker, MAIN STREET NEWMARKET. All Orders executed with Despatch. Newmarket, Feb. 6th, 1856.

**New Wagon and Carriage Shop.**

THE undersigned respectfully intimates to his friends and the public generally that he has lately opened a

**WAGON AND CARRIAGE SHOP.**  
In his new premises, Simcoe Street, near the Catholic Church, where he will be prepared to execute all orders with which he may be favored, with neatness, durability and dispatch.

Call and examine the work and hear the prices before purchasing elsewhere.

**ROBERT MURRAY.**

Newmarket, May 23, 1856.

**THOMAS NIXON.**

Licensed Auctioneer,  
For the Townships of Whitelaw, King and East Gwillimbury.

GOODS of all description sold on Commission, at the Auction Mart of the Subscriber, on the First Monday of every Month.

Auction Sales attended in the above Townships.

**THOMAS NIXON.**

Newmarket, Feb. 19, 1857.

**DR. BENTLEY.**

PHYSICIAN, SURGEON AND ACCOUCHEUR,  
NEWMARKET.  
Office—Water Street, foot of Main Street.  
Feb. 20, 1857.

**CORNER OF MILL & MAIN STREETS, NEWMARKET.**

**SAMUEL ROADHOUSE** respectfully thanks his friends and customers for the liberal support he has received since commencing business, and hopes from the quality of his work and satisfaction of his customers to be favored with a continuance of the same. A variety of

Sofas, Tables, Bedsteads, Washstands, Bedroom Tables, Toilet Glasses, &c., &c.

Always on hand. Orders for all kinds of CABINET WORK, punctually attended to.

**FUNERALS FURNISHED.**

COPPINS, Altars, kept constantly on hand. A good variety of Laces, Flies, and Handkerchiefs for sale. Newmarket, Oct. 31, 1856.

**Franklin House.**

CORNER of Seneca & Elliott Streets, Buffalo, N. Y. Proprietors.

**E. YOUNGLOVE AND G. E. L. JACKSON.**

BOARD, \$1 PER DAY.

**Notice.**

MORTGAGES on Improved Farms purchased. Apply in person to

**WILLIAM ROE.**

Newmarket, Feb. 25, 1857.

**Just Printed.**

AND for sale at this Office, BEAVER MARSHES, &c., &c., adapted to the use of Millwrights, &c., &c. Price is per copy, 50 cts. per 100.

Newmarket, April 20, 1857.

**Business Directory.**  
**A. BOULTBEE.**  
BARRISTER, Solicitor in Chancery, Conveyancer, &c., Newmarket.  
Newmarket, Oct. 9th, 1855.

**R. MOORE.**  
SOLICITOR, Attorney Conveyancer, &c., OFFICE IN THE NEW COURT HOUSE, NEXT TO THE COURT HOUSE OFFICE, TORONTO.  
Toronto, Feb. 17, 1851.

**JOHN R. JONES.**  
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW, Solicitor in Chancery, Conveyancer, &c., Office in Eglinton Building, corner of Yonge and Adelaide Streets, Toronto.  
Toronto, June 20, 1855.

**F. F. PASSMORE, P. L. S.**  
OFFICE—Yonge Street, Holland Landing.  
Holland Landing, July 19, 1855.

**ANGUS MINTOSH.**  
ACCOUNTANT, Broker, Conveyancer, General Commission, Land, and Division Court Agent.  
Holland Landing, C. W.

**NORTH RICHARDSON.**  
CONVEYANCER, Land Agent, &c., Commissioner in the Queen's Bench, Office—Old Stand, Prospect St. Patents of Inventions procured.  
Newmarket, 1855.

**John T. Stokes.**  
ARCHITECT, &c., &c., Canada West.  
Sharon, Jan. 25, 1856.

**INTERNATIONAL Life Assurance Society of London.**  
Capital—Half-a-Million Sterling.  
ROBERT H. SMITH, Agent.  
Newmarket, Nov. 3, 1855.

**DR. PYNE.**  
PHYSICIAN, SURGEON AND ACCOUCHEUR, RESPECTFULLY informs the public, that he has REMOVED to his new premises on Lydia Street, opposite the Woolen Factory, where he may be consulted at all hours, except when absent on professional business.

**Unity Fire and Unity General Insurance Associations, OF ENGLAND.**  
FOR every description of Fire, and Life Assurance Business.  
Capital, £2,500,000 Sterling.  
CURTIS OFFICES—Unity Buildings, Cannon St., London.  
Toronto Branch—Toronto Street  
J. W. MARSDEN,  
Agent for the Counties of York and Simcoe.  
Newmarket, July 31, 1856.

**Newmarket Iron Foundry.**  
JAMES ALLAN begs to return thanks for past favors, and to intimate that he is prepared to cast STOVES, SUGAR KETTLES, MACHINE CASTINGS, and other articles usually required in his line of business.

A number of SUGAR KETTLES, STOVES, and PLOUGHS, on hand for sale. Newmarket, February 10th, 1851.

**Eagle Hotel.**  
NEAR THE NEWMARKET STATION.  
KEPT BY NICHOLAS HAWES. This House has been thoroughly renovated. Every accommodation for Travellers, and good stabling for horses.

**W. MOSELEY.**  
SONVEYANCER AND LAND AGENT, Commissioner in the Queen's Bench, Office on Yonge Street.  
Aurora, 25th May, 1853.

**ROBERT BRODIE, BUILDER, & CO.**  
Returning thanks for the liberal patronage bestowed on the firm of Brodie & Co., the undersigned respectfully intimate to their customers and the public generally that the business will hereafter be conducted by

**ERRECTION OF BUILDINGS.**  
and when required, find all Materials. Shop on Water Street.  
Newmarket, Oct. 9th, 1855.

**J. EDWARDS.**  
Stationer, & Blank Book Manufacturer.  
Dealer in School Books, English and American.  
No. 89, Yonge Street, Toronto.

**PAPER HANGINGS.**  
School, Letter and Note Paper, Envelopes, &c., &c. No. 89, Yonge Street, Toronto.

**NOTICE.**  
THE subscriber begs to acquaint the inhabitants of this town and surrounding country, that he has commenced the

**TAILORING TRADE.**  
Nearly opposite Don's Dry Goods Store, where he will be pleased to wait on those desiring his services in any of the branches of his business.  
G. P. SMITH.  
Newmarket, Sept. 21, 1857.

**Ryan & Hallen.**  
CIVIL ENGINEERS AND LAND SURVEYORS.  
ROADS, Bridges and other Works surveyed and reported upon.  
LAKES and Town-plots surveyed, inspected and reported upon.  
Dissections, Diagrams, Estimates, and other professional papers prepared.  
All property bought and sold on Commission, and all orders and communications promptly attended to.

Personal application either at their office or at the residence of Mr. Ryan, on Yonge Street.  
A vacancy for an apprentice. A commission for sale.  
OFFICE—MAIN STREET NEWMARKET.  
JOHN RYAN. S. W. HALLEN.  
December 4, 1855.

**N. HAWES.**  
CIVIL AND MECHANICAL ENGINEER AND ARCHITECT.  
Will give strict attention to Designing and Superintending the construction of every description of Steam Engines and other Machinery for general Manufacturing Purposes.  
Office—Eagle Hotel, Newmarket.  
March 20, 1857.

**MAGISTRATE'S BLANKS.**  
OF all description, on hand for sale. Apply to  
J. W. B. B. OFFICE.  
Newmarket, Jan. 2, 1857.

**Poetry.**  
**Be Kind to Each Other.**  
Be kind to each other,  
The night's coming on,  
When friend and when brother  
Perchance may go to  
Thou' 'midst our dejection,  
How sweet to have earned  
The best recollection  
Of kindness—returned!

When the day bath departed,  
And memory keeps  
Her watch, broken-hearted,  
Where all the loves sleep!  
Nor any disprove  
Let trifles prevail not  
Against those you love!

Nor change with to-morrow,  
Should fortune take wing,  
But the deeper the sorrow,  
The closer still cling!  
Oh, be kind to each other!  
The night's coming on,  
When friend and when brother  
Perchance may go!

**Literature.**  
**The Reconciliation.**

Oh! you that have the charge of love,  
Keep him in your bondage bound,  
As in the fields of bliss above  
He sits with flowers fettered round—  
Lose not a tie that binds him close,  
Nor even let him use his wings,  
For even an hour, a minute's flight  
Will rob his plumes of half their lights.

The library doors closed noiselessly, and Georgia Arundel swept gracefully across the room, and throwing herself into the velvet chair before her writing desk, leaned her head upon her hand, and sighed audibly.

Around her were all the means and appliances of lavish wealth. The furniture of the room in which she sat was rich and massive—her own dress was almost regal in its costly simplicity, and jewels sparkled on hand and arm, and neck and bosom, and among the dusky masses of her beautiful hair. What should the lovely lady have to sadden her?

The door of her apartment opened once again, and two beautiful children—a boy of seven and a girl of five, ran forward to greet her.

"Gently, gently, my children," she said, raising her proud head as they entered; "who has sent you here my little ones?"

"Why mamma," said Eugenia, looking into her face with a glance of wonder, "Arthur and I have come to kiss you, and say good-night before we go to bed."

"Ah, yes—I had forgotten—that is I had forgotten it was so late," she murmured, lifting Arthur to her knee, while the little Eugenia leaned loving against her shoulder, and playing with her diamond earring and chain.

"When will my father come home?" said Arthur, breaking suddenly the silence.

The lady gave a violent start, and looked into the innocent face of her child, with a dark, suspicious glance.

"Who has been talking to you about him?" she asked almost sternly.

"No one—I don't know," said the little boy, confusedly; but Eugenia, standing on tiptoe, whispered,

"Mamma, to-day, when we were walking in the Park, a gentleman stopped to speak to us. He kissed us both, and asked our names. I think it was my father, for he looked like the portrait you showed me one day, only older and thinner."

Mrs. Arundel sat silent, growing visibly paler as her little daughter went on. When she ceased speaking, she kissed the children and put Arthur from her knee.

"It is time you were in bed, Eugenia," she said coldly.

"Go and ring for your maid, my dear—And do not forget when you say your prayers to-night, whose name I have always taught you to remember."

"We always pray for our papa," lisped Arthur, but his mother waved her hand, and Eugenia hurried him from the room. With delicate instinct she seemed to feel that the name she so longed to speak, was torture to the heart of her beautiful mother.

Left alone, Georgia Arundel unlocked her desk, and touching the spring of a private drawer, took out a jewelled case, and looked long and earnestly on the pictured face within. It was that of a man some twenty-five years of age. His features were firm and beautifully chiselled, his eyes large, soft, and deeply dark, his hair, like his, brown and wavy, and a face glowing with thought, and perchance a little sad, in the world's warfare.

"The case bore the inscription, 'James Arthur Arundel—aged twenty-five.'"

As the lady gazed, a softened, serious look came slowly into her deep eyes. She remembered the day when they first met, and the day when they had parted in bitter anger, that had burned in either heart for four long years.

Her wedding day—the first years of her married life, with her quiet happiness, came vividly up before her, and the proud woman bowed her head and murmured the name of her husband—the name that had not crossed her lips for years.

She laid the picture aside, and groped idly into the little drawer, scarce knowing what she hoped to find. A little bunch of withered flowers were all that rewarded her search—flowers which she never remembered placing there.

"They were violets—faded and withered, yet still retaining something of their early hue and perfume. She sighed deeply, as she thought of the happy night when she had placed them in this vase. He was then an ardent and impulsive lover—now, strangers had told her, he was a sorrowful, and gray-haired man."

A faded ribbon confined the little bouquet, and fluttering under the leaves, was a narrow strip of paper, grown old and yellow with time. She held it idly up to the light. Some faded characters were there, and bending nearer, she saw a name traced in the firm, free characters she remembered so well.

"Dear Georgia,"

"That was all! And yet—oh, it was enough to stir her heart to its lowest depths. She clasped the paper to her heart, in sudden frenzy of grief and pain, and she gazed at it with a look of agony, as if she gazed at her husband's face, as if she gazed at her

agony. "Only come back to me once more, and I will never forsake you again."

A knock at the door startled her. For a moment she wild hope that he had heard and answered her call, came over her, and she could hardly bid the intruder come in. But the frank, handsome face, and gallant figure were not there. Only the old servant who had watched over her, as girl and woman, came slowly towards her.

"Sit down, Susan," she said, pushing a chair towards the domestic, and said in her usual tone of cold composure.

"Now I am ready to hear you, Susan. What is it that you wish this evening?"

"My dear mistress, Mr. Arundel is in town."

"The fair hand that shaded Georgia's face did not tremble, and the face itself was calm as ever."

"I know, it Susan," she said quickly.

"He has grown very old and sorrowful, Georgia."

"He is an old man, Susan, you will remember," was the calm reply. "He is fifty-three, if I remember rightly, and I am thirty-one."

She glanced sadly at the majestic loveliness, still untouched by the hand of time, and held her peace.

"But Susan burst out with a great cry."

"Oh, my dear mistress, do not harden your heart now against him. If he is old and sorrowful, and near his grave, ought you not to be reconciled to him? If he should die, how could you forgive yourself?"

"The proud face changed suddenly, but still the lady answered."

"I could bear it as I have borne this loneliness and heart ache, since we parted. He has been dead to me for years—he can never be more so, though the grave should cover him from my eyes."

"The good-hearted Susan wrung her hands in a fit of despair."

Georgia looked softened, and almost ready to weep. At that moment, the little yellow slip of paper that had fallen from the violets rustled in her lap.

"Dear Georgia,"

She read the words once more, and seemed to hear his voice speaking them. "A sudden yearning rose within her breast—a restless, miserable longing that would not be satisfied till she had seen him once again, and left his kiss of forgiveness upon her lips."

She rang the bell sharply, and ordered the carriage to the door at once.

"Get your bonnet and shawl, Susan," she said to the astonished housekeeper, "and go with me. I will seek him, and humble myself before him, for I shall neither know rest or peace till I have done so."

She threw an opera cloak, trimmed with ermine, over her velvet dress, and drawing the soft trimmings closer around her throat, she went down the stairs, and entered the carriage with Susan, gave the directions to a fashionable city hotel.

**A Slight Mistake.**

Jim Ward was a conductor on the eastern division of the New York Central Railroad, running between Utica and Albany. Ward has been in the employ of the Central Railroad for a long period of years, and is one of the oldest conductors in the country. Invariably accommodating and polite, he is particularly attentive to ladies, and always manages to make himself a favorite with those of the fair sex that accompany the train under his direction.

A short time since, when a train under his direction was on its way east of Utica, one of those interesting incidents occurred on board the train, which adds to the visible number of passengers, but scarcely ever increases the profit of the trip.

Ward, as soon as he discovered the condition of the lady, bustled about, and the train running forty miles an hour, he fixed up a portion of the express car, and had her conveyed thereto. A physician by the name of Beecher was on the train—his services were immediately put in requisition, and in a short time Ward had the pleasure of announcing to his anxious passengers, that the mother and babe were "doing well as could be expected under the circumstances."

The mother was a poor woman, and as soon as it became known, Ward went round with a hat and in a short time a purse was collected, and Jim with a countenance expressive of happiness, took it to the mother.

After he reappeared, the passengers proposed that it should be named. No sooner said than done. Jim went in and got the baby, with the consent of its delighted mother brought it out, when it was proposed it should be named "James Ward," after Jim, and Beecher, after the physician, who had professionally attended the mother. It was adopted by acclamation, and amid a general shout of approbation, the babe was named "James Ward Beecher."

Jim, with a smile of concealed delight, was looking at his little namesake, when one of the ladies requested to see the "little baby."

It was passed from hand to hand among the ladies, all admiring the little bundle, but at the same time a general disposition to smile and stuff handkerchiefs to their mouths, became manifest among the women. Jim wondered in vain, what this subdued laughter meant, until the babe was handed to an old lady. She had it not more than a minute when she exclaimed—

"I saw it!"

"Well, what is the matter?"

"Why, it's a girl!" said the old woman, handing the babe to Jim.

**Parliamentary.**  
**Legislative Assembly.**  
Wednesday, 27th April, 1857.

The Speaker took the chair at 3 o'clock. Sir Allan McNab presented a petition from the Mayor and Corporation of the city of Hamilton, praying that the Mayor of cities be made elective by the people.

Sol. Gen. Smith moved the first reading of a bill from the Legislative Council, providing for the administering of oaths by the foremen of Grand Juries, and for other purposes.

Mr. Benjamin moved for an Address to his Excellency, for a return of the quantity of highwines and whiskey manufactured by the various distilleries in this Province for the years 1855 and 1856.

Mr. Brown moved an Address to his Excellency the Governor General, praying him to be pleased to cause to be laid before this House copies of any despatches received by the Provincial Government from Mr. Chief Justice Draper on the subject of his mission to England. He thought it exceedingly desirable that the House should be informed as to the progress made by Chief Justice Draper in his mission since he went to England. (Hear, hear.)

Attorney General Macdonald, if he will allow it to stand over till tomorrow, I will consider in the meantime whether I can show him the correspondence confidentially.

Hon. Mr. Cameron said he had moved some time since for maps and other documents in reference to the Hudson's Bay Territory. When were they to be brought down?

Attorney General Macdonald said the maps were nearly ready, and would be laid before the House in a few days.

The motion was then postponed.

At this stage of the proceedings Hon. Mr. Cameron made his explanations on referring from the Ministry, and a warm debate followed between that gentleman and Hon. Atty. Gen. Macdonald.

The House resumed the discussion of this Bill, and of Mr. Brown's amendment for the appointment of a Committee of investigation. Finally the amendment was negatived by 63 to 48.

Yea's.—Messrs. Aikins, Bell, Bigger, Bourassa, Brown, Bureau, Cameron, Cauchon, Chaffers, Christie, Cook, C. Daoust, Darche, Delong, Desautels, J. B. Dorton, Dostler, Dufrane, Ewart, Felton, Ferguson, Farrie, Flint, Foley, Frazer, Gamble, Gould, Hartman, Huot, John, Labelle, Labege, L. McDonald, Mackenzie, Marchildon, Matice, Merritt, Munro, Niles, Paine, Patrick, Provost, Simard, Simard, Somerville, Stuart, Thibault, Valois, Willson and Wright—48.

Nay's.—Messrs. Allen, Baby, Bellingham, Benjamin, Bowes, Attorney General Cartier, Cassault, Cayley, Chapais, Church, Conger, Crawford, Crisler, Daly, Dionne, A. Dorton, Drummond, Dufrane, Egan, T. Fortier, O. C. Fortier, Fournier, Galt, Guernon, Hollon, Jackson, Japote, Larwill, Le Boulle, Lemieux, Loranger, Lumsden, Macbeth, Atty. Gen. Macdonald, McCann, Masson, Matheson, Meagher, Monge, J. C. Morrison, Polette, Poudiot, Powell, Price, Rankin, Rhodes, Robinson, Rolin, S. G. Smith, Southwick, Spence, Terrill, Turcotte, Whitney, Yielding, and Young—63.

The further consideration of the second reading was adjourned.

The House rose at half-past twelve.

Thursday, April 30, 1857.

The Speaker took the chair at 3 o'clock. Hon. Mr. Cauchon read a letter which he had received from Colonel Tache, stating that he had not yet written his rejoinder, but would send it to the newspapers when he had done so.

The following Bills were read a second time and referred to Committees:

Bill to divide the township of Whitchy into two separate Municipalities.—Mr. Lumsden.

Bill to incorporate the town of Collingwood.—Mr. A. Morrison.

Sol. Gen. Smith moved the concurrence of the House in the amendments made by the Legislative Council to the Bill to further secure the Independence of Parliament.

Mr. Macdonald said that, in providing for the Independence of Parliament, something should be said about the Independence of the Executive Council. They had heard yesterday and to-day that the subject of a Dissolution of Parliament had never once been mentioned by a member of the Government.

"Had they not heard of the large meetings in Toronto, and elsewhere, unanimously demanding a Dissolution?" And yet those gentlemen who appeared had never deigned even to open their lips on the subject.

The amendments were then concurred in.

Mr. Macdonald moved the second reading of the Bill to exempt from seizure, the tools, implements, &c., of a mechanic, under the value of \$150. He stated that this was the same Bill as had passed this House last year, but had been thrown out by the Legislative Council.

Attorney General Macdonald said there were clauses in his (Hon. Mr. Law) Bill which provided for the object sought by the hon. member, though not perhaps in the same extent. The limit in his bill was \$40.

The Bill was read a second time, and referred to a Committee of the Whole to-morrow.

After some discussion on the Lower Canada School Law, the House rose at eleven o'clock.

Friday, May 1.

The following bills were read a third time, and passed:

To consolidate the debt of the Town of St. Catharines.

To extend the limits of the County of Lincoln.

the establishment of a Transatlantic Telegraph by the said Company.

The House resumed the further consideration of the Hon. Mr. Cayley's motion, "That the Bill (No. 274) to dispense with the Government directors in the Grand Trunk Railway of Canada, and to facilitate the completion of the Company's works from Riviere du Loup to Sarnia, be now read a second time."

A lengthy debate followed; but the motion was finally carried on the following division:

The motion for the second reading of the bill was then declared carried on the following division:

Yea's.—Messrs. Allen, Baby, Bellingham, Benjamin, Bowes, Attorney General Cartier, Cassault, Cayley, Chapais, Church, Conger, Crawford, Crisler, Daly, Dionne, A. Dorton, Drummond, Dufrane, Egan, T. Fortier, O. C. Fortier, Fournier, Galt, Guernon, Hollon, Jackson, Larwill, Le Boulle, Lemieux, Loranger, Lumsden, Atty. Gen. Macdonald, McCann, Masson, Matheson, Meagher, Merritt, J. C. Morrison, A. Morrison, Polette, Poudiot, Powell, Price, Rankin, Rhodes, Robinson, Rolin, S. G. Smith, Southwick, Spence, Terrill, Turcotte, Whitney, Yielding, Young—58.

Nay's.—Messrs. Aikins, Bell, Bigger, Bourassa, Brown, Bureau, Cauchon, Chaffers, Christie, C. Daoust, Darche, Delong, Desautels, J. B. Dorton, Dostler, Dufrane, Ewart, Felton, Ferguson, Farrie, Flint, Foley, Frazer, Gamble, Gould, Hartman, Huot, John, Labelle, Labege, L. McDonald, Mackenzie, Marchildon, Matice, Monge, J. C. Morrison, Polette, Poudiot, Powell, Price, Rankin, Rhodes, Robinson, Rolin, S. G. Smith, Southwick, Spence, Terrill, Turcotte, Whitney, Yielding, and Young—47.



## New Advertisements.

Wholesale Tea Warehouse—W. N. Fairbanks & Co.  
List of Letters—Newmarket.  
For Sale—A. Boringasser.  
Card—George Hughes.  
Card—T. Bishop & Son.  
O. S. & H. R. R. J. L. Grant.  
Homes for the Industrious—S. J. Holden.  
Wool—W. A. Clark.  
Steam Grist Mill for Sale—W. B. Jarvis.

## The New Era.

Newmarket, Friday May 8th, 1857.

## General Summary.

By reference to our advertising columns it will be seen that an alteration in time has been made, on the Northern Railroad. Trains leave Newmarket earlier in the morning and later in the evening for Toronto.

Several communications received on the day of publication—too late for this issue. The letters of correspondents cannot be inserted the same week received, if later than Wednesday before publication.

The Debating Club in connection with the Mechanics' Institute, has closed for the season. It has been so arranged, that on the requisition of twelve members, the Club can be immediately re-organized.

Those who wish to acquire the beautiful arts of Oriental Pearl Work and Grecian Oil Painting, now being taught by Mr. W. J. Tiddell, at the Railroad Hotel, will do well to call early, as this stay is limited to a few days.

The Revue of King Township, Geo. Hughes, Esq., has issued a proclamation for preventing dogs from running at large between the 5th of May and the 15th of September next. Any of the canine species found at large unmuzzled within this time may be shot or otherwise destroyed.

Messrs. Hood and Bramble, Ambrosiopolis, went to considerable expense in fitting up their Portrait Gallery but the superior manner in which it has enabled them to execute their work, has created a general rush for pictures. Call and see specimens.

The *Genesee Farmer* for May is on our table, and contains a variety of matter on numerous subjects deeply interesting to farmers. In a notice in this number, to Canada subscribers, it is stated they have no postage to pay on that Journal. Published at Rochester, N. Y. by J. Hanks, Esq., at 26 cts per year.

The *Globe* says:—"We regret to learn that serious irregularities have been discovered in the conduct of one of the clerks in the Toronto Custom House, and that Mr. Langton, Auditor General, and Mr. Worthington are now engaged in enquiring into the affair. Mr. Cameron, the clerk alluded to, has left the city."

The closing meeting of the season, in connection with the Newmarket Mechanics' Institute, will be held in the Union Sabbath School Room, this (Friday) evening. Chair to be taken at half-past 7 o'clock. Several able speakers have been invited to address the assembly, and the services of Prof. Bahrick, and others, engaged, to enliven the meeting with music. Admission for non-members, 7d, as usual. Ladies free.

On Monday last His Excellency, in answer to an address from the House, laid before Parliament a copy of the despatch transmitted to the Colonial Secretary on referring the Seat of Government Question to Her Majesty's decision, with Mr. Labouchere's reply thereto. From the reply, we learn that the Queen will, at some future time, select the locality. The Colonial Secretary is waiting for petitions from the various Towns and Cities aspiring to the honor.

## The Representation Question.

The subject of Representation by Population was brought up for discussion on Monday night last, by Mr. Brown; but Mr. Forcette, backed by the Administration, forestalled the matter by moving the "previous question." The member for Lambton, however, clearly exposed the dodge; and although the debate on the main question was "choked off" in the outset, the division showed a distinct want of confidence in the Upper Canada portion of the Administration, and we find Cayley, McDonald, Morrison and Spence sitting upon the Treasury Benches contrary to the expressed wish of a majority of the Representatives of the people from Western Canada. The vote shows that several members who have uniformly supported the Government, were forced to yield to the voice of public opinion, and desert their patrons. Here is the Upper Canada division, on the Representation question:

YEAS—Aikins, Zell, Brown, Burton, Cameron, Christie, Delong, Ferguson, Ferrie, Fraser, Freeman, Gable, Hartison, Jackson, Lumsden, Mackenzie, Matheson, Merritt, Patrick, Rankin, Rolph, Steward, Willson and Wright—24.

NAYS—Benjamin, Bones, Cayley, Clarke, Crawford, Crayler, Lawlor, Dr. MacDonald, John A. MacDonald, McCann, Mattice, J. C. Morrison, Angus Morrison, Powell, Robinson, Hoblin, Ross, Shaw, Henry Smith, Southwick, Spence and Yelding—22.

From the *Globe* of Thursday we have an intimation that Mr. Brown will again bring up his resolution on this subject, when it is to be hoped the members from Lower Canada, by a tyrannical course of conduct, will not prevent the question from being fully discussed before Parliament. If the principle of basing Representation on Population is not correct—it is not sound and tenable, why shrink from entering upon it? If it is just and right, why not act accordingly? In our opinion, it is too late in the day, to treat upon this question, and argue upon the ground of expediency. The subject is one that deeply interests the Western Province, and affects the country generally, and should, therefore, be taken upon its merits. Upper Canada, however, will still be held under the spell of the Eastern section of the Province to long, as such men as the Morrisons, Robins, Robinson, and the crew who support the Coalition through thick and thin, are returned as members of the Assembly. Another election will purge the House of considerable dross, in our humble opinion; and we hope to see the proclamation of His Excellency announcing a dissolution.

## The Lunatic Asylum Case.

The great libel suit of Dr. Workman against Geo. Brown, Esq., M. P., publisher of the *Globe*, was concluded on the 23rd of April. The action was brought against the proprietor of the *Globe* for publishing a communication from a man named Magar, containing severe strictures on the management of the Lunatic Asylum, of which Dr. Workman was, and is now, superintendent. Damages were laid at about £3,000, and eminent counsel were employed on both sides. The evidence adduced both for and against was lengthy, occupying several columns of the Toronto papers, at the conclusion of which, His Lordship Chief Justice Robinson delivered a very able and impartial charge to the Jury, pointing out the various features of the case in a clear and masterly manner. The Jury then retired, but were unable to agree, after being locked up all night. It was ascertained, however, that nine were for giving a verdict in favor of Defendant; two for Plaintiff, and one doubtful. Thus Dr. Workman, in the opinion of two-thirds of his countrymen, is left with the pleasing reflection that he is guilty of the charges preferred—taken for granted, that the twelve Jurymen were the embodiment of the people.

This case excited very considerable interest, inasmuch as it involved the liberty of the press; and right well has it been indicated. It clearly proves the fact, that editors can insert articles, either of their own or that of another's, censuring the conduct of public men, while in the wrong, without being molested in damages by parties considering themselves aggrieved,—adding a material guarantee to the press that will tend to increase its efficiency to the public at large.

On Tuesday last, the second libel suit, arising out of this same correspondence, was tried, of McCullough vs. Brown. Magar in his letter to the *Globe* charged McCullough with a gross violation of duty and also the privileges of the Asylum. He therefore, entered an action against the proprietor of the *Globe* for giving publicity to such statements; but the result has signally turned on the side of the press, and McCullough now stands sunk deeper in public estimation than he would have been, had he been satisfied with the termination of the case of his master. This fact having been established, it now remains for the Government to institute an examination into the management of the Asylum.

## Incorporation Act.

Below will be found the amended sections to the Newmarket Incorporation Act. The Bill, we understand, has been read a second time in the Upper House.

Section 1 enacts, that on and after the first day of January next, the inhabitants of the Village of Newmarket, within certain boundaries, [the same as was published in the *Era*, some time ago] shall be a body corporate, under the name of the "Municipality of the Village of Newmarket."

Section 2 enacts, that so much of the Upper Canada Municipal Corporations Acts as relates to incorporated Villages, shall apply to Newmarket, with the exceptions hereinafter made.

Section 3 provides for the appointment of a Returning Officer for the first election.

Section 4 enacts that the qualifications of electors shall be the same as those of electors at a Township election; and the Clerks of Whitechurch and East Gwillimbury shall furnish the said Returning Officer appointed with certified copies of so much of the Collector's Rolls as may be required to ascertain the persons entitled to vote at the first election.

[The following are the amended sections, and we therefore give them entire.]

V. It shall not be lawful for the municipal Council of the said Village to levy, in any one year upon the rateable property of the said Village, for the local purposes of the said Village except for School purposes, a higher rate than one shilling in the pound, on the annual value of the said property, as shown by the Assessment Roll.

VI. Every By-law which shall be passed by the said Municipal Council for the purpose of affording pecuniary aid towards the construction of any public work not entirely within the limits of the said Village, or for any other purpose, and whereby any annual rate mentioned in the next preceding section exceeding always rates for School purposes will be increased beyond one shilling in the pound, on the annual value of the rateable property of the said Village shall, before its final passing receive the assent of at least two-thirds of the Municipal Electors of the said Village, at an election to be held for that purpose.

VII. And whereas a portion of the Township of Whitechurch not included within the limits of the said Village as fixed by this Act, is now and has been for several years included within the School Section, embracing the said Village of Newmarket, and the resident proprietors of the rateable property of the said portion of the Township of Whitechurch have recently been heavily taxed to aid in constructing and furnishing a Public School House for the said Section, and the said School House will under this Act become the property of the said Village; And whereas it is right to secure the said proprietors who reside within the limits of the said Village, in the use and enjoyment of the said School House for a limited period; Therefore be it enacted, that notwithstanding anything in the School Acts of Upper Canada to the contrary, it shall and may be lawful for the inhabitants resident on the easterly side of the lot numbered ninety-one in the first concession of the said Township of Whitechurch, and on the westerly halves of lots numbered twenty-nine, thirty and thirty-one, in the second concession of the said township, to have and enjoy all the rights and privileges of residents of the said Village, in so far as the privileges and benefits of the Common School thereof are concerned, for a period not exceeding ten years from the commencement of this Act, and shall, during such period be liable to the payment of all school rates and assessments in the same manner as if they were residents of the said Village, and as if their rateable property were included within its limits; Provided always that if at any time the said inhabitants, or a majority of them, shall desire to separate from the said Village, for School purposes, it shall be lawful for them so to do, by giving to the School Trust-

## The Lunatic Asylum Case.

tees of the said Village one year's notice thereof in writing.

## Stouffville Spring Show and Ploughing Match.

## A SUCCESSFUL FAIR.

The semi-annual Exhibition of the Stouffville Branch Agricultural Society, took place on Friday, the 24th April, 1857. There was an excellent attendance, and the weather being magnificent, the utmost enjoyment was participated in; and the fair attended with every success that its friends could have desired. The last seasons have borne their appropriate fruits, in having their due influence in bringing out innumerable numbers who have become enlightened on the importance of attending to the interests of their laudable calling, and showing they cannot otherwise improve their prosperity better than to compete with each other; and on this occasion one and all present appeared highly delighted with the exhibition. It was attended by the Markham Brass Band, whose lively and stirring music, and the immense concourse of people, had altogether and imposing effect.

We have pleasure in recording its success as a proof of the advantages that are available to our society, that it is conducted on the voluntary principle, and open to competitors of all Townships, which draws the attention of the neighboring residents, and produces some strong friends who will attend the succeeding exhibition, and also have great pleasure in congratulating my fellow townsmen in the high and enviable position that our Village is permitted to occupy, in comparison with former years; and it is to agriculture that we are mainly indebted. Then let us, and our prosperous community, with more than ordinary effort endeavor to foster the spirit of agricultural pursuits. The specimens of stock and ploughing exhibited are of a very superior description. The day's proceedings were wound up by reading the following list of prizes:

JUDGES OF HORSES—Messrs. George Munter, George Harrison, and David Strachan.

Canadian Draught Stallions—3 Entries.

1st prize, Wm. Bell; 2nd do., John Raymer; 3rd do., Samuel Hisey.

Imported Draught Stallions—5 Entries.

1st prize, Roger Hawkins; 2nd do., John Fishburn; 3rd do., J. & R. Simpson.

Canada Stallions for General Purposes—6 Entries.

1st prize, David R. Cook; 2nd do., Martin Nighswander; 3rd do., John Barker.

Imported Stallions for General Purpose—2 Entries.

1st prize, J. & R. Simpson; 2nd do., Wm. Ritchie.

Breed Mares—6 Entries.

1st prize, George Miller; 2nd do., Robert Armstrong; 3rd do., Jacob Wismer.

JUDGES OF CATTLE AND IMPLEMENTS—Messrs. J. R. Brown, Wm. Swales, and Wm. Maxwell.

Bulls—4 Entries.

1st prize, Robert Armstrong; 2nd do., Wm. Miller.

Milds Cows—2 Entries.

1st prize, George Miller; 2nd do., Edward Whiter.

Wooden Ploughs—2 Entries.

1st prize, Hugh Urquhart; 2nd do., Wm. Morgan.

Turnip Drill—1 Entry—Alexander Duff.

JUDGES OF PLOUGHING—Messrs. David Little, George Graham and Wm. Bilton.

1st Class—Men—5 Entries.

1st prize, George Burk; 2nd do., Chas. Trann.

2nd Class—Young Men—7 Entries.

1st prize, Robert Strachan; 2nd do., John Maxwell.

Communicated. S. J. H.

Uxbridge Ploughing Match.

From the *Beaverton Packet* we learn that Uxbridge Township Agricultural Society held their Spring Ploughing Match on the farm of Mr. Joel Gould, on the 25th ult. It appears from the *Packet*, the number of competitors were not large in either class; but the work was of the best description and reflected credit upon the Township. Mr. Ira Chapman took the prize for having the "best team and the best gear," of any one in the field of competitors. The following persons obtained prizes for Ploughing:

CLASS A.—IRON PLOUGHS.

1st prize - - - Thomas Parrel.

2nd " - - - James Brown.

CLASS B.—WOODEN PLOUGHS, FOR MEN OVER 21 YEARS.

1st prize - - - Wm. Hutchinson.

2nd " - - - Benj. Widdifield, jr.

CLASS C.—BOYS OVER 17 YEARS.

1st prize - - - Henry Webster.

2nd " - - - Charles Chapman.

3rd " - - - John Kydd.

CLASS D.—BOYS UNDER 17 YEARS.

1st prize - - - Watson Widdifield.

There was but one competitor in this class. We regret that more boys did not turn out, in order that this class might have been properly represented.

The young lad who did plough in it, however, did his work not inferior to many in class C.

## Correspondence.

Dr. Hunter on Diseases of the Throat and Lungs.

those affections which I propose to discuss in my letters; for in no class of diseases are the afflicted so liable to be made the victims of ignorant and selfish empiricism or drug-vending speculations, as in those affecting the organs of respiration; and yet, in no class of diseases is the wrong, the cruel deception of the empiric, so general, so indefensible.

The lamentable failure of our profession to arrest the progress of these diseases to the present time, fills the mind of the sufferer with forebodings of ill, and apprehensions of inevitable fatality. Every effort of relief is, therefore, grasped at with the avidity of a drowning man; and the wretch is not more to be pitied, than the fool who holds out a "straw" to save the one from drowning, than is he, on the other hand, who speculates in a nostrum for the fellows, in the vending of a nostrum for the paltry consideration of lucre. We all know to what an alarming extent this practice, of quackery, in the sale of patent medicines, has hitherto prevailed, and still prevails—how numerous are its victims, and how fatal its consequences. Disease goes on eating its way into the citadel of life, unchecked by any legitimate or effectual means; while the victim is amused with a variety of remedies, ignorant of the nature of his malady, and more ignorant still of the qualities of the pretended remedy on which he hangs his hopes for life.

I have thus plainly stated the evil; I come now to search out the parties at fault, and the remedy. In cases of Consumption, the medical practitioner has too long been accustomed to treat with neglect, the CATARRH, SORE THROAT, or the slight BRONCHITIS, which mark the early stages of this malady; and when, through such neglect, the lungs have become stuffed with tubercles, to shake his head and shrug his shoulder in ominous token of an inevitably fatal termination. The patient, seeing the physician, despair of success just when he most requires his aid, flies off to every *ignis fatuus* which presents itself; and thus, in ignorance, nostrums find sale only because the people are unacquainted with the laws of health, the causes of disease, and the proper means of cure. They are abandoned to the mercy of the unscrupulous, at the very moment when they most require protection by those who profess to be the curators of their health and lives. Let the physician remove this ignorance, by plain common sense articles in the journals read by the people. Let them meet the requirements of the times, by diffusing such information abroad, as shall arm the people against the avarice and inhumanity of those who would traffic in the health and lives of their fellows. Let them come out from behind the screen of professional dignity and talk to their fellow-citizens as man to man—giving them, in every possible manner, correct views on the subject of health and its best preservatives.

I am happy in taking advantage of this opportunity, to acknowledge the candid and cordial co-operation of my professional brethren, who are either themselves under my treatment for Phthisis, or are conducting cases in their practice under my direction—several of whom have had the frankness and generosity to avow through the press, the benefit they have observed or experienced, as resulting from my treatment by Inhalation.

For my own part, I regard the rule of silence so rigidly observed by the profession, generally, adverse alike to their own interests and the welfare of the community, and more honored in the breach than the observance. The subject of the letters which are to follow has engaged my most earnest and laborious study and observation for many years. I cannot conceive that I do my profession any injustice by giving publicity to the results of my research and experience in a matter where thousands of lives may be concerned in its free and open discussion. In this behalf I have labored since my introduction of the treatment into the country in May, 1851. I have regarded its universal publicity as a matter of the most vital importance to my suffering fellow-beings. I have myself proved in my practice its potency in subduing and eradicating pulmonary disease. I have spared neither expense nor toil, in disseminating my views and experience on this peculiar treatment. I have staked my professional reputation upon its success, convinced as I have been from the first, that it is destined to fill that fearful blank in medical practice, involving the organs of respiration, a blank into which, like an interminable gulf, myriads have sunk before the eyes of their friends, the profession, and the world. If I have departed one step from professional etiquette in coming before the public, as I have done through the columns of the press, I can only plead in defence, the humanity of my intentions, and the importance of my subject if this will not suffice to satisfy the fastidious, then,

In my last letter I treated upon Chronic Catarrh; in my next I shall consider the nature and causes of Sore Throat, &c.

I am, Sir, Your Obedt. Servant,

J. HUNTER.

Alma Terrace, Richmond St., Toronto.

To the Editor of the New Era.

Sir—I noticed an article in Thursday's *Leader*, in reference to the recent inquiry here, which, whether intended or not, is calculated to injure me and my friends in the estimation of its readers,—at least of those but partially acquainted with me. It is therefore with the view of removing any false impressions, which might otherwise be made, that I now offer the following remarks:

The girl in question was not in my service more than three months previous to this affair, and during the time conducting herself with strict propriety, working hard, never absconding herself or appearing in any way for part of a day on Sunday, the 6th of March, when she kept her room, complaining of having taken cold; and in the testimony of the medical gentlemen at the inquest, it appeared that the birth of the children was premature by at least three months, "it is therefore singular that Mrs. Bogart did not observe any signs of the girl's pregnancy."

In regard to the sharp-eyed visitors they speak of, I let that pass as none of us can bring any such to mind.

As to the intimation that we were necessary to the escape of the girl after knowledge of the advice of the Attorney General was received, I would merely say that none of the Bogarts were informed of such advice until after the girl had left my house and neighborhood: this therefore precludes the possibility of our assisting to decelerate the girl's flight.

To the intimation that we were necessary to the escape of the girl after knowledge of the advice of the Attorney General was received, I would merely say that none of the Bogarts were informed of such advice until after the girl had left my house and neighborhood: this therefore precludes the possibility of our assisting to decelerate the girl's flight.

To the intimation that we were necessary to the escape of the girl after knowledge of the advice of the Attorney General was received, I would merely say that none of the Bogarts were informed of such advice until after the girl had left my house and neighborhood: this therefore precludes the possibility of our assisting to decelerate the girl's flight.

To the intimation that we were necessary to the escape of the girl after knowledge of the advice of the Attorney General was received, I would merely say that none of the Bogarts were informed of such advice until after the girl had left my house and neighborhood: this therefore precludes the possibility of our assisting to decelerate the girl's flight.

To the intimation that we were necessary to the escape of the girl after knowledge of the advice of the Attorney General was received, I would merely say that none of the Bogarts were informed of such advice until after the girl had left my house and neighborhood: this therefore precludes the possibility of our assisting to decelerate the girl's flight.

To the intimation that we were necessary to the escape of the girl after knowledge of the advice of the Attorney General was received, I would merely say that none of the Bogarts were informed of such advice until after the girl had left my house and neighborhood: this therefore precludes the possibility of our assisting to decelerate the girl's flight.

To the intimation that we were necessary to the escape of the girl after knowledge of the advice of the Attorney General was received, I would merely say that none of the Bogarts were informed of such advice until after the girl had left my house and neighborhood: this therefore precludes the possibility of our assisting to decelerate the girl's flight.

To the intimation that we were necessary to the escape of the girl after knowledge of the advice of the Attorney General was received, I would merely say that none of the Bogarts were informed of such advice until after the girl had left my house and neighborhood: this therefore precludes the possibility of our assisting to decelerate the girl's flight.

To the intimation that we were necessary to the escape of the girl after knowledge of the advice of the Attorney General was received, I would merely say that none of the Bogarts were informed of such advice until after the girl had left my house and neighborhood: this therefore precludes the possibility of our assisting to decelerate the girl's flight.

To the intimation that we were necessary to the escape of the girl after knowledge of the advice of the Attorney General was received, I would merely say that none of the Bogarts were informed of such advice until after the girl had left my house and neighborhood: this therefore precludes the possibility of our assisting to decelerate the girl's flight.

To the intimation that we were necessary to the escape of the girl after knowledge of the advice of the Attorney General was received, I would merely say that none of the Bogarts were informed of such advice until after the girl had left my house and neighborhood: this therefore precludes the possibility of our assisting to decelerate the girl's flight.

To the intimation that we were necessary to the escape of the girl after knowledge of the advice of the Attorney General was received, I would merely say that none of the Bogarts were informed of such advice until after the girl had left my house and neighborhood: this therefore precludes the possibility of our assisting to decelerate the girl's flight.

To the intimation that we were necessary to the escape of the girl after knowledge of the advice of the Attorney General was received, I would merely say that none of the Bogarts were informed of such advice until after the girl had left my house and neighborhood: this therefore precludes the possibility of our assisting to decelerate the girl's flight.

## The Lunatic Asylum Case.

morely that it might be forthcoming when required.

Your insertion of the above will be an act of justice to,

Your Obedt. Servt.

JOSEPH BOGART.

Bogart Town, May 6, 1857.

## King Township Affairs.

To the Editor of the New Era.

Dear Sir,—On looking over your issue of the 24th ult., I found a lengthy article from a correspondent under the signature "Unknown," and on reading it to the conclusion I certainly thought the name very appropriate. The letter is written as a reply to my first communication; but as you observed in your editorial comments, he evaded the main question at issue, and directed his remarks against the village of Newmarket.

In the second paragraph he endeavors to draw the inference that I am a "selfish groveller," and why? Because I entertained the opinion that the Reserve Moneys of our Township should be appropriated towards the maintenance of Schools, or applied in some way to promote education. "Unknown" readily discovered a "note" in my eye; but he failed to perceive the truth in his own. Might I not, Mr. Editor, with equal as much as equal propriety, charge him with being a "selfish groveller?" For, by distributing the moneys as I proposed, all would receive their proportion throughout the Township; but his plan would be to deprive a portion of the ratepayers from the benefits altogether.

In the next paragraph, he says the "management of our corporate affairs," have been done so and so. Now, sir, I never inferred that what the affairs had been managed legally; but I complained of was, the spending of the people's money in surveying and procuring estimates; for the benefit of some private individual company that may hereafter spring up, to construct certain lines of road. And Mr. Editor, in proof of this matter I happen to know, when the Council had the subject of employing an engineer and surveyor to make the proposed survey, several parties anxious about the 9th line, were making their boasts about raising a Joint Stock Company to construct the same; and in this concern the late Council led the aforesaid parties to believe the Township would take stock to a large amount. I think, therefore, I had good grounds for making the statement; and "Unknown" himself admits that the Council "by a unanimous vote," ordered the survey. He next says, when speaking of the proposed road along the Town Line, that it is "an undertaking wholly unnecessary to Newmarket and a few individuals on or near the line." Previous to making the remark, however he unwittingly admits that it will be a benefit to the small part of West Gwillimbury and the inhabitants at or near the South-east corner of Tecumseh, inasmuch as the road leads—to use his own words—"between King and West Gwillimbury" to the South-east corner of Tecumseh. But he might have went further—for the residents of at least four concessions of West Gwillimbury from the Town Line and about one-third of Tecumseh would prefer going by way of the proposed road to reach the Railroad at Newmarket, than going to Bradford, either in passage or freight.

It is not for me, Mr. Editor, to make comments upon the *bumkum* part of his letter—and one-half of it is nothing else,—for it is written with a view to draw the public from the subject under discussion; and you have already, in my mind, very satisfactorily answered his snarling at Newmarket. I am a plain man and speak as I think,—consequently I never polish up what I have to say with mere clap-trap. I stated in my last letter that I believed that the people generally throughout the Township, would be better pleased to see the Reserve Moneys appropriated to Education; and certainly the article of "Unknown" throws no light upon the matter,—neither has he advanced the first reason why it should be expended in any other way. I suspect that "Unknown" is interested in the 9th line; but what would the expenditure of that line benefit the inhabitants generally? Very little indeed. It would help West Gwillimbury and Tecumseh, by giving them an outlet, at our expense. The Town Line would also give them an outlet; but I never sought to have the Reserve moneys appropriated towards its construction.

Really, Mr. Editor, I hope you will pardon me. I did not intend to have written so lengthy a letter,—and will therefore come to a close.

Yours, &c.,

A RATE-PAYER.

King, April 30, 1857.

## Foreign and Colonial.

## Arrival of the Indian.

Quebec, May 4, 1857.

The "Indian" arrived at one o'clock without having been announced below.

GREAT BRITAIN.

Mr. Hayter, the Treasurer's Secy., has issued a notice to the Liberal members, asking them to be in their places in Parliament on the 3d of May to vote for Mr. Evelyn Dantson, the Ministerial candidate for the Speakership.

The "Observer" says that many important measures of social policy will at once be proceeded with. It does not venture a vaticination on the subject of a reform bill, but amongst the matters mapped out as likely to occupy the session is a bill for the continuance of the General Board of Health, the reform of the Courts of Law and Chancery, and measures in reference to the rights of married women as regards their own property, a bill regulating the whole system of local taxation, and a medical reform bill.

It is more than hinted that the Opposition will commence an obstructive policy at once—most likely, says the Press, the first session of the new Parliament, about as it must be, will not pass without ground being broken on both sides the Opposition.

The Queen and Infant Princess are both doing well.

The Duchess of Gloucester is dying.

FRANCE.

A number of political arrests have been made, but there is a rumor that the conspiracy was merely a trap laid by the government to commit refugees in London to action before proceedings.

## The Lunatic Asylum Case.

very favorable and the season is a late one.

The Wheat crop looks well. White Wheat 8s 7d, to 9s 4d; Red 7s 6d, a 8s 4d.

Flour advanced 6d to 1s; Western Canal 28s to 29s 6d; Philadelphia and Baltimore 29s 30s; Indian Corn has been freely offered to-day at 31s 6d; Yellow 32s a 32 6d; White 34s 6d a 35s 6d, being an advance of 1s a quarter on Friday's quotations. Provisions in good demand. Ashes without change. Pearls 41s 40s 40s 6d.

## Lord El



## NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

**M. W. BOGART'S**  
**Military Show Rooms,**  
 A new Opened for the Season, where will be found  
 a large assortment of  
**Dunstable, Rice Straw, Tuscan &  
 Fanny Bonnets, Hats, &c.,**  
 and all kinds of Military requisites for the season.  
 All of which will be disposed of at a small advance.  
 Newmarket, April 30, 1857. 16-13

## Fresh Imported Goods!

THE Subscriber is in receipt of Steamers  
 from New York, direct from Liverpool, of their  
 usual large Stock of seasonable Spring and  
 Summer Staple and Fancy Dry Goods.

**Also, From Oswego, N. Y.**  
 200 BBLs fresh ground Flour,  
 50 BBLs of the best Hydraulic Cement,  
 50 BBLs of the best American Salt.

**AND EXPECTED DAILY.**  
 50 Krs assorted American Canned Meat, best quality.

**CHAS DOAN & Co.,**  
 Sharon.  
**CHAS DOAN,**  
 Aurora, April 30, 1857. 3m13

**Selling Off.**  
 THE Subscriber being about to retire from busi-  
 ness, begs to inform the public that he is now  
 disposing of the balance of his Stock at greatly re-  
 duced prices, and that he is anxious to close his  
 business as soon as possible, and that he is anxious  
 to make his purchases before it is too late.

**JOS. CAWTHRA,**  
 Newmarket, April 30, 1857. 16-13

**Ready-Made Clothing!**  
 THE Subscriber is now offering a first-rate va-  
 riety of Ready-made

**COATS,**  
**VESTS,**  
**AND PANTS,**  
**SHIRTS,**  
**COLLARS,**  
**NECKTIES,**  
 &c., &c.,

Well made, Fashionably Cut, and of Good Material,  
 At the Lowest Prices.

**GEORGE HARCOURT,**  
 No. 33, King Street, Toronto.  
 Toronto, April 30, 1857. 4w13

**GREAT ENGLISH REMEDY.**  
 The Most Valuable Spring and Summer  
 Medicine in the World.

**Dr. Halsey's**  
**Forest Wine!**

Patronized by the Nobility and Medical  
 Faculty of England, and esteemed  
 the most Extraordinary Medi-  
 cine in the World.

**MEDICINES** containing iron and li-  
 quorice, like the best Sarsaparilla,  
 require many large bottles to procure the  
 slightest change in health. The Forest Wine  
 is altogether a different article. It contains no  
 arsenic to give a constipation, but contains  
 excellent flavor, and powerful medicinal prop-  
 erties from the vegetable plants of which it is  
 composed. The Forest Wine combines the virtues  
 of the

**Wild Cherry, Dandelion, Yellow Dock,**  
**and Sarsaparilla!**

with other valuable plants whose properties are  
 still more effective.

Its high concentration, renders it one of the  
 most efficient medicines now in use. Some-  
 times less than a single bottle restores the ling-  
 ering patient from weakness, debility, and  
 sickness, to strong and vigorous health. Every  
 dose shows its good effects on the constitution,  
 and improves the state of the health. The  
 Forest Wine is recommended, in the strongest  
 terms, for all complaints of the

**Stomach, Liver, Kidneys, Nervous Disor-  
 ders, Bilious Affections, Dropsy, Dyspep-  
 sia, Loss of Appetite, Jaundice, Female  
 Complaints, Scrophula, and all Disorders  
 arising from BAD BLOOD and Impure  
 Humors of the System.**

**SAVED FROM DEATH!!!**  
 Testimony of Mr. Nathan Mathews, a highly  
 respectable and wealthy citizen of New-  
 York.

"Da. G. W. HALSEY—I believe your Forest  
 Wine and Pills have been the means of saving  
 my life. When I commenced taking them, I  
 had at the point of death, with Dropsy, Piles  
 and Asthma. My physicians had given me up  
 as past cure, and my family had lost all hopes  
 of my recovery. While in this dreadful situa-  
 tion, your Forest Wine and Pills were procured  
 for me, and before I had finished the first  
 bottle of Wine and Box of Pills, I experienced  
 great relief, my liver and bowels were greatly  
 relieved, became sensibly reduced, and  
 my recovery began to revive, and after con-  
 tinuing the use of your medicines for about a  
 month, the Piles and Asthma were completely  
 cured. The Dropsy, with which my  
 life was placed in such great danger, was  
 placed in such great danger, was also nearly  
 gone. I have continued the use of your medi-  
 cines until the present time, and I now enjoy  
 as perfect health as ever I did in my life, al-  
 though I am now more than sixty years of age.

Yours, respectfully,  
**N. MATHEWS,**  
 New York, N. J., Dec. 19, 1857.

**NERVOUS DISORDERS**  
 Are diseases of the mind as well as of the body  
 are usually brought on by troubles and afflic-  
 tion, and are most common in persons of deli-  
 cate constitutions and sensitive minds. Low  
 spirits, melancholy, listlessness, and fear-  
 ful anticipations of evil from the slightest  
 causes, generally accompany nervous disor-  
 ders. The Forest Wine and Pills are an en-  
 ergic remedy in these complaints.

Extract of a letter from Mr. Joseph C. Pan-  
 dolf, dated  
 Philadelphia, September 7th, 1848.

**Da. G. W. HALSEY:**  
 Dear Sir, your Forest Wine and Pills have  
 cured my wife of a dreadful Nervous disorder,  
 with which she had been afflicted for many  
 years. Her body was almost wasted away.  
 She was frequently disturbed in her sleep by  
 frightful dreams, awakening quite exhausted  
 and covered with perspiration, and at times la-  
 tending under the delusion that something dread-  
 ful was about to happen to her. By the use of  
 four bottles of the wine, and a box of Pills, she  
 is now in perfect health. She has regained her  
 flesh and color, and enjoys society as well as  
 ever.

**J. C. PAULDING.**  
 Dr. David Halsey, a celebrated practitioner  
 of New York, declared publicly, that one bot-  
 tle of Halsey's Forest Wine contained more vir-  
 tues than fifty of the large bottles of Sarsapa-  
 rilla. Halsey's S. S. Laxative & Co., one of  
 the most and most respectable Dispensaries  
 in the United States, and who have supplied  
 it to the noblest and noblest of the human race,  
 it is an excellent and good medicine, and will  
 undoubtedly become the leading medicine of  
 the day.

The Forest Wine is put up in large square  
 bottles. Halsey's name blown in the glass.  
 Each bottle contains one gallon. For 45c.  
 (Grip-calls) 25c. per bottle. For 45c.  
 (Grip-calls) 25c. per bottle. For 45c.  
 (Grip-calls) 25c. per bottle. For 45c.

**Dr. E. C. EDMONDS,**  
**SURGEON DENTIST,**  
 NO. 66, KING STREET EAST, TORONTO.

WOULD inform his friends and the public, that  
 from May, 1857, his appointments will be as  
 follows:

The 1st Monday in each month, Dr. E. C. E. will  
 be at Mr. McLeod's Hotel, Aurora.

J. Halsey's, Newmarket, Tuesday following.  
 Maxwell House, Sharon, on Wednesday.  
 P. J. Whitcomb's, Bradford, on Thursday.  
 T. Halsey's, New-Head, on Friday of the same  
 week.

The 2nd Monday in May, July, September,  
 November and December.

**DR. E. C. EDMONDS,**  
 Will be at P. J. Whitcomb's, Newmarket, on  
 Monday, June 1st, following.  
 W. Halsey's, Newmarket, on Wednesday.  
 Mrs. Halsey's, Newmarket, on Thursday.  
 When he will be prepared to Clean, Fill, or Re-  
 store, as may be required, and will not be  
 satisfied until the patient is perfectly cured.

**PIVOT, SILVER OR GOLD PLATE.**  
 All operations performed in the most approved  
 style, and WARRANTED.

**Consultations Free.**  
 Toronto, April 29, 1857. 16-13

## Newmarket Advertisements.

## REGISTRY FOR SERVANTS

THE very great demand for Servants and the  
 numerous applications to the undersigned, has  
 induced him to open a Registry Office for Ser-  
 vants. Application by letter (post paid) or per-  
 sonally, will receive prompt attention. Ser-  
 vants seeking employment will find it to their advantage  
 to call and enter the Register.

**N. HAWKS,**  
**EAGLE HOTEL.**  
 Newmarket, April 30, 1857. 16-13

## To Carpenters and others.

THE Subscriber has now on hand a complete  
 set of Jack Screws, and all other Implements,  
 necessary for moving or raising buildings,  
 which he let on the lowest terms. Also, he is ready  
 to roofing, for the moving, raising, or erecting  
 buildings of all descriptions.

**STEPHEN WEBSTER,**  
 Newmarket, April 29, 1857. 16-13

## CHAIRS! CHAIRS!

THE undersigned respectfully announces to his  
 customers and the public, that he has lately  
 made large additions to his Warehouses, by adding  
 Fancy, Cane Bottom and Wind-  
 sor Chairs.

Which he is prepared to sell on reasonable terms.  
 Furniture dealers will find it to their advantage to  
 give him a call before selecting elsewhere.

**S. ROADHOUSE,**  
 Newmarket, April 24, 1857. 16-19

## MILLINERY.

THE Show Room of Miss E. Maguire will be  
 opened on Saturday May 2nd. Every variety  
 of European and American fashion of Bonnets  
 Mantilla Head-dresses, &c., for Spring and  
 Summer wear.

**MISS E. MAGUIRE**  
 Newmarket, April 23, 1857. 16-12

**Spring and Summer Goods.**  
 NOW on hand and arriving, a choice assortment  
 of Staple and Fancy Dry Goods, Bonnets, Hats,  
 Caps, Trimmings, Parasols, Boots & Shoes, China  
 Tea Sets, Glassware, Crockery, Earthen and Stone  
 Ware, Fresh Groceries and Good Cheese, all of  
 which will be sold at the usual moderate prices, by  
 the subscriber.

**E. HUGHES.**  
 Newmarket, April 24, 1857. 16-12

## Straw Goods.

A FINE Assortment of Ladies' Bonnets, Mixers  
 and Straw Hats, in the latest style, all of the  
 latest style, all of this Spring's Importation.

For Sale by  
**D. SUTHERLAND,**  
 Newmarket, April 21, 1857. 16-12

**The Very Latest.**  
**IMPORTANT TO EVERY ONE!!**  
**J. G. PARKER**  
 VERY respectfully informs the public in general  
 that he will OPEN his

**GENERAL STORE,**  
 On THURSDAY, April 23rd, 1857,  
 In which will be found

Every description of **Dry Goods,**  
**Groceries,**  
**Liquors,**  
 Crockery, Nails, Glass, Putty, Bolled and other  
 Oils, White Lead, &c.

J. G. E. has to be understood that the Entire  
 Stock is of this

**SPRING'S IMPORTATION.**  
 And he hopes all will pay him a visit as early as  
 possible—the whole of his Stock being First Class,  
 which he will sell at the very lowest prices, for  
 Cash Payment.

**N. B. J. TOWNLEY'S** Tailoring Estab-  
 lishment will be continued as usual.

All Orders Received in the Store.  
**J. G. PARKER,**  
 Opposite the Railroad Hotel.  
 Newmarket, April 16, 1857. 16-11

**GENTLEMEN.**  
 IF you want a well-made and good-fitting Gar-  
 ment, call at

**BOGART'S**  
 Tailoring Establishment.  
 Newmarket, April 15, 1857.

**A. J. McCracken,**  
**CARRIAGE MAKER, NEWMARKET.**  
 HAVING recently located in this place will  
 keep constantly on hand a general assortment  
 of CARRIAGES, such as

**BALLOCHES, ROCK-A-WAYS,**  
**Rough and Ready, Picnics, Prince Alberts, Trot-  
 ting Buggies, &c.**

Repairing done in a neat and substantial  
 manner. 16  
**SHOP, ON MAIN STREET,**  
 Three doors South of the New Era Printing Office.  
 Newmarket, April 15, 1857. 16-11

## Miscellaneous Advertisements.

**SPRING AND SUMMER GOODS!**  
 at the

**KETTLEBY CHEAP STORE!!**  
 N. B. republishing thanks for the liberal patronage here-  
 tofore bestowed, the subscriber begs to inform  
 the inhabitants of

**DR. JAMES MCINTOSH'S**  
**Stomach & Liver Pills.**  
 The Blood is itself alive and is the life of the  
 animal.

Every part of the body is sustained by the Blood.  
 The Blood, like every other portion of the  
 System, needs continually to be purified  
 and renewed. If the Stomach be disordered,  
 and the Liver congested, a due supply of  
 healthy Blood cannot be maintained. If the  
 Stomach, Liver, and Intestines properly perform  
 their function, they expose to the contagion of  
 Disease, the Malaria of malarial districts, and  
 other impurities of the air, which the nervous  
 system continually cold, and excessive fa-  
 tigue, will fail to induce Disease.

**Dr. James McIntosh's STOMACH**  
**LIVER PILLS** are specially adapted to pro-  
 mote a healthy action of the Stomach; and to  
 remove Congestion, and promote the secretion  
 of healthy Blood from the Liver; and, at the  
 same time, a healthy discharge from the bow-  
 els, Skin, and Kidneys. Consequently, while  
 the system is healthy, action, all the natural  
 diuresis are opened, and Disease is driven from  
 the Body.

**NEVER DESPAIR!**  
 While there is Life there is Hope. Those  
 cases who have suffered for years, have been  
 restored to health by this Invaluable Medicine.  
 It is especially adapted to

**Chronic or Lingering Complaints**  
 All should take it who are afflicted with—  
 Indigestion, Stomach and Bowel, Sore  
 Liver Complaints, Colic, Ten Dolorous, Head-  
 ache, Rheumatism, Erysipelas, Consumption of  
 the Bowels, Piles, Female Irregularities, Reten-  
 tion of Urine, Lumbago, Asthma, Cough,  
 Jaundice, Ague, Blisters on the Skin, &c., &c.

For further particulars see Circular.  
 Price 25 cents per box, with full directions  
 accompanying—For sale at the Drug Store of  
**J. BENTLEY & Co.**  
 Newmarket, April 23, 1857. 16-10

**Consultations Free.**  
 Toronto, April 29, 1857. 16-13

## Miscellaneous Advertisements.

Agricultural Implement Manu-  
factory and

**IRON FOUNDRY,**  
**BRADFORD, COUNTY OF SIMCOE.**

THE Undersigned would respectfully announce  
 to the inhabitants of the surrounding Country,  
 that they are manufacturing for the ensuing season  
**100 REAPING MACHINES,**

(Seimour & Morgan's Patent) of the very best  
 materials, which they will warrant to equal, if not  
 surpass, any in the Province. Being this season  
 enabled to have the castings made and fitted up  
 under their own supervision, they feel con-  
 fident that they will be able to build their Reapers in  
 superior manner, and thus merit a continuance  
 of that liberal patronage bestowed on them during  
 the past season.

Price of Reapers, \$110 cash; \$115 part cash,  
 remainder in six months.

They are also manufacturing Kitchen's MOW-  
 ING MACHINE, at a reduced price.

**Fanning Mills, Straw Cutters,**  
 Horse Rakes and Improved Cultivators, kept con-  
 stantly on hand.

**T. GOODFELLOW & Co.,**  
 Bradford, April 15, 1857. 16-11

**To Rent.**  
 A GOOD Frame House and Wheelright Shop,  
 with Half an Acre of Land attached thereto,  
 lately occupied by Isaac Willis, 112 miles South of  
 Aurora, on Yonge Street. For particulars apply to  
**B. WILLIS, YONGE STREET.**  
 Whitechurch, April 24, 1857. 16-12

**Fresh Clover and Timothy seed.**  
 FOR SALE—a quantity of Fresh Clover and  
 Timothy Seed, Prime quality.  
 CASH FOR WHEAT.  
**T. ATKINSON.**  
 Aurora, April 23, 1857. 16-12

**MILLINERY!**  
**MISS E. MAGUIRE**  
 HAS just received very large and extensive

**Spring Importations,**  
 Consisting of Silk and Straw Bonnets, Trimmed  
 and Untrimmed; Children's Hats, white and colored.  
 Also, a large assortment of this and Fancy Turkish  
 Bonnets.

**SPRING MANTILLAS,**  
 and a great variety of Rich Ribbons, Flowers, Feath-  
 ers, &c., &c. All of which will be sold at a very  
 slight advance on cost, for cash.

Show Room—next door to the Post Office.  
 Newmarket, April 2, 1857. 16-9

**The Right Kind of Medicine.**  
**DR. JAMES MCINTOSH'S**  
**Vegetable Tonic Mixture and**  
**DIGESTIVE BITTERS.**

FOR the cure of Dyspepsia or Indigestion,  
 Palpitation of the Heart, Headbrum and  
 Headache, Restlessness and Anxiety, Languor  
 and Melancholy, General or Special Debility,  
 —The Infirmities of Youth or old age—Pimples  
 and all diseases arising from poverty or  
 impurity of the Blood. "The best Female  
 Medicine ever Compounded." A Sure Cure  
 for Fever and Ague, and Dumb Ague.

Price 50 cents per bottle.  
**JAS. MCINTOSH, M. D.,**  
 Chicago, Ill.

For sale at the Drug Store of  
**JOHN BENTLEY & Co.,**  
 Newmarket.

**DR. POWELL'S**  
**Vegetable Pulmonary Balm,**  
 FOR THE SPEEDY CURE OF

**Coughs, Colds, Hoarseness, Bronchitis, Influenza,**  
**Whooping Cough, Incipient Consumption,**  
**and for the Relief of Consumptive Pa-  
 tients in the Advanced Stages of the Dis-**

**ease.**  
 THIS Remedy is composed entirely of Bot-  
 anical preparations, preserved in purity, and is  
 therefore entirely free from any injurious in-  
 gredient. It may be given, in doses according  
 to the Directions, to the most delicate persons,  
 and to children or infants, for whom it will be  
 found excellent.

It is well adapted to the cure of all Coughs  
 in their early stages, and a few doses taken in  
 time will often save a vast amount of suffering,  
 and a vast number of useful lives, which would  
 otherwise be sacrificed. It is remarkably effec-  
 tive in the relief and cure of old Chronic  
 Coughs, which indicate formidable and dan-  
 gerous affections of the lungs. The testimony  
 of one of the most celebrated Physicians of the  
 present day, (see now practitioners in Philadel-  
 phia) is in regard to this.

"I have found on remedy so efficacious as  
 this in my extensive course of Coughs. It has  
 happened to me to see a great number of such  
 cases yield to it. It appears to exercise an im-  
 mediate influence over the Bronchial Membrane,  
 independent of its expectorant power."

Testimony to the same effect may be adduced  
 from Physicians of eminence; and from  
 those who have experienced its beneficial ef-  
 fects upon themselves; but to the suffering we  
 say—**TRY IT!** The proof of its efficacy  
 upon yourself will be worth more than the  
 testimony of a thousand others.

Price 25 cents per Bottle.  
 Wholesale Agents—**J. CADE & Co.,** Toronto.  
**J. BENTLEY & Co.,** Newmarket.

**IMPORTANT TO ALL.**  
**The Sickness of one individual affects the**  
**Health of the Community.**

**Dr. JAMES MCINTOSH'S**  
**Stomach & Liver Pills.**  
 The Blood is itself alive and is the life of the  
 animal.

Every part of the body is sustained by the Blood.  
 The Blood, like every other portion of the  
 System, needs continually to be purified  
 and renewed. If the Stomach be disordered,  
 and the Liver congested, a due supply of  
 healthy Blood cannot be maintained. If the  
 Stomach, Liver, and Intestines properly perform  
 their function, they expose to the contagion of  
 Disease, the Malaria of malarial districts, and  
 other impurities of the air, which the nervous  
 system continually cold, and excessive fa-  
 tigue, will fail to induce Disease.

**Dr. James McIntosh's STOMACH**  
**LIVER PILLS** are specially adapted to pro-  
 mote a healthy action of the Stomach; and to  
 remove Congestion, and promote the secretion  
 of healthy Blood from the Liver; and, at the  
 same time, a healthy discharge from the bow-  
 els, Skin, and Kidneys. Consequently, while  
 the system is healthy, action, all the natural  
 diuresis are opened, and Disease is driven from  
 the Body.

**NEVER DESPAIR!**  
 While there is Life there is Hope. Those  
 cases who have suffered for years, have been  
 restored to health by this Invaluable Medicine.  
 It is especially adapted to

**Chronic or Lingering Complaints**  
 All should take it who are afflicted with—  
 Indigestion, Stomach and Bowel, Sore  
 Liver Complaints, Colic, Ten Dolorous, Head-  
 ache, Rheumatism, Erysipelas, Consumption of  
 the Bowels, Piles, Female Irregularities, Reten-  
 tion of Urine, Lumbago, Asthma, Cough,  
 Jaundice, Ague, Blisters on the Skin, &c., &c.

For further particulars see Circular.  
 Price 25 cents per box, with full directions  
 accompanying—For sale at the Drug Store of  
**J. BENTLEY & Co.**  
 Newmarket, April 23, 1857. 16-10

**Consultations Free.**  
 Toronto, April 29, 1857. 16-13

**NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.**  
**Fashionable Boot and Shoe Store,**  
**NEWMARKET.**  
 OPPOSITE HEWITT'S HOTEL, MAIN-ST.

THE Subscriber returns his warmest thanks to  
 his friends and the public, for the very great  
 encouragement he has met with since commencing  
 business in this place, and solicits a continuance  
 of their patronage. He can assure them that no en-  
 deavor on his part will be wanting to give complete  
 satisfaction. His Stock needs only inspection to  
 satisfy the public of its superior quality, and from  
 his own experience in the trade, employing

**First-rate Workmen,**  
 and purchasing his materials in the best markets,  
 at the lowest prices and from the most extensive  
 manufacturers, he feels either comparison or com-  
 petition—either on low prices, superior quality, or  
 newest fashionable patterns.

Orders executed on the shortest notice, and in  
 the most substantial manner.  
**T. H. KEOUGH.**  
 Newmarket, April 2, 1857. 16-9

**FOR SALE!**  
 A Second-Hand Steam Engine!  
 IN Good Condition. It has a Bore of 7 inches by  
 twenty inches stroke, 10 Horse Power, with  
 Two Boilers, 12 inch Diameter and 18 feet long.  
 Very Cheap. For particulars, apply to  
**N. HAWKS, Eagle Hotel.**  
 Newmarket, April 24, 1857. 16-12

## Newmarket Advertisements.

## Fashionable Boot and Shoe Store,

**NEWMARKET.**  
 OPPOSITE HEWITT'S HOTEL, MAIN-ST.

THE Subscriber returns his warmest thanks to  
 his friends and the public, for the very great  
 encouragement he has met with since commencing  
 business in this place, and solicits a continuance  
 of their patronage. He can assure them that no en-  
 deavor on his part will be wanting to give complete  
 satisfaction. His Stock needs only inspection to  
 satisfy the public of its superior quality, and from  
 his own experience in the trade, employing

**First-rate Workmen,**  
 and purchasing his materials in the best markets,  
 at the lowest prices and from the most extensive  
 manufacturers, he feels either comparison or com-  
 petition—either on low prices, superior quality, or  
 newest fashionable patterns.

Orders executed on the shortest notice, and in  
 the most substantial manner.  
**T. H. KEOUGH.**  
 Newmarket, April 2, 1857. 16-9

**FOR SALE!**  
 A Second-Hand Steam Engine!  
 IN Good Condition. It has a Bore of 7 inches by  
 twenty inches stroke, 10 Horse Power, with  
 Two Boilers, 12 inch Diameter and 18 feet long.  
 Very Cheap. For particulars, apply to  
**N. HAWKS, Eagle Hotel.**  
 Newmarket, April 24, 1857. 16-12

**Ready-Made Clothing!**  
 THE Subscriber has on hand a superior Stock  
 of Ready-made Clothing, adapted to the  
 Spring trade, to which he invites particular atten-  
 tion, and early inspection.

**D. SUTHERLAND, WATER ST.**  
 Newmarket, April 24, 1857. 16-12

**Ready Made Clothing!**  
 THE undersigned keeps on hand a large quantity  
 of **READY MADE CLOTHING**—For sale  
 cheap.  
**MORRITZ ZELLER.**  
 Newmarket, April 6, 1857. 16-10



Newmarket Advertisements.



July 27, 1944

Newmarket, Nov. 4, 1856.

200,000 BRICKS of excellent  
quality, for sale by  
D. SUTHERLAND  
Newmarket, Oct. 31, 1855.



Stove Warehouse  
NEWMARKET,  
Next door South of Mr. Millard's Warehouse  
G. NORTIMORE

**R**ESPECTFULLY announces that he  
commenced the Stove and Tin Smith  
business on 11th Street, near the

ness, and will keep constantly on hand a  
sortment of  
**COOKING, PARLOUR, AND BOY  
STOVES,**  
Of the newest Patterns. Tin, Sheet  
Copper, and Japanned Ware, which they  
dispose of for CASH, or on a SHORT CREDIT.  
Toronto Prices.  
Particular attention paid to Jobbing,  
orders punctually attended to.  
Newmarket, Sept. 27, 1855.

THE Subscriber respectfully informs the

That having made arrangements with par  
Collingwood he will be prepared to supply  
Fish throughout the season, to those who may  
the same.

THOMAS NIXON  
Newmarket, Dec. 5, 1855.

---

"Equitable" Fire Insurance Com  
OF LONDON.

---

CAPITAL, £500,000 STERLING

General Agent, British North American C  
FREDERICK R. STARR.

**MONTREAL.**

This Office insures against Loss or Damage by Fire, all descriptions of Buildings, Saw-mills and Manufactories, and the Goods, Wares and Merchandise in the same; and in Harbour or in dock; Craft on Navigable Rivers and Canals, and the Goods loaded on the same; and Farming Stock of all descriptions.

The "Equitable" Fire Office will, by a prudent analysis of its own experience from year to year, adopt such rates of Premiums as will be commensurate with the true nature of the risk may justify.

With this view, an annual investment will be made into each class of risk, and a return of one moiety of fifty per cent. net excess will be made to all classed insureds, whose Policies have been in force three years.

The engagements of the "Equitable" are guaranteed by a responsible proprietor.

are free from the liabilities of a *Mutual Insurance Society*, and entitled, according to the value of the Government, to a return of

made in the Company, to a return of its  
 profits.  
 Losses are made good without deduct-  
 discount, and are adjusted and paid in  
 neat, without reference to London.  
 R. H. SMITH, *Agent*  
 Newmarket.  
 March 12<sup>th</sup>, 1852.

---

**WESTERN ASSURANCE COMPANY**  
 Chartered by act of Parliament,  
**Capital 100,000**  
 Home Office Toronto, C. W.  
 President, I. C. GUYON  
 Vice President, Thos. Howland  
 Directors, Wm. H.

WALTER MACFARLANE,  
M. P. HAYR.

ANGUS MORRISON, Solicitor  
ROBT. STANTON, Sec'y &c.  
The Subscriber has been duly appointed  
in Newmarket, for the above Company, a  
give personal attention to parties desirous of  
log Insurance &c.  
Newmarket, Feb. 17, 1854. THOMAS NICHOLSON

and allowed by competent judges to be of superior kind o Pump now in use. From size and simplicity of its construction, by

**SPRING PISTON**  
iron valve and Jam-Nut Joints—working in  
yellowish the water, instead of being sucked  
in most kinds, is lifted from the bottom—a  
great ease—thus avoiding friction and  
by rendering it almost impossible to get a  
pair. The lever works in a cast iron frame  
to the platform covering the well and to the  
These pumps have been tried in wells to  
of from fifty to seventy feet, with admirable  
—and satisfactory references can be given.

The subscribers are also manufacturing an

**WOODEN PUMP**  
Adapted to Wells Forty feet deep, or less, & they would call attention. Upwards of 4000 Pumps have been sold in this Section of the country during the past summer. References of a strong character can be given, to any person at their Manufactory, Newmarket.  
All orders for either of the above Pumps, sent [post-paid] to the Newmarket Post-Office will receive prompt attention.  
**J. JAMES & SONS**  
Newmarket, Suffolk, ENGLAND.

THE NEW ERA

**THE NEW ERA**  
PUBLISHED EVERY FRIDAY MORNING  
**ERASTUS JACKSON**  
At his Office, corner of Mill and Main  
NEW MARKET  
Terms—To be paid in Advance  
**RATES OF ADVERTISING**  
Six lines and under, first insertion, 0  
Each subsequent insertion, 0  
Six to ten lines, first insertion, 0  
Each subsequent insertion, 0

For each line above ten, 1.50  
Each subsequent interrupt, 1.25

Advertisements, unaccompanied by written instructions, will be rejected and charged accordingly.